## Paper-VI MCH-406: INORGANIC CHEMISTRY II

**MM - 35** 

#### Unit-I

Electronic Spectral Studies of Transition Metal Complexes: Spectroscopic ground states, correlation. Orgel and Tanabe-Sugano diagrams for transition metal complexes (d¹-d9 states), Selection rule for electronic spectroscopy. Intensity of various type electronic transitions. Calculations of 10Dq, B and  $\beta$ parameters, charge transfer spectra.

### Unit-II

Magnetic Properties of Transition Metal Complexes. Anomalous magnetic moments, Quenching of Orbital contribution. Orbital contribution to magnetic moment, magnetic exchange coupling and spin crossover.

### Unit-III

Metal  $\pi$ -Complexes Metal carbonyl, structure and bonding, vibrational spectra of metal carbonyls for bonding and structural elucidation, important reactions of metal carbonyls; preparation, bonding structure and important reaction of transition metal nitrosyl, dinitrogen and dioxgen complexes; tertiary phosphine as ligand.

### Unit-IV

**Metal Clusters** 

Higher boranes, carboranes, metalloboranes and metallo-carboranes compounds with metal metal multiple bonds.

### Unit-V

Optical Rotatory Dispersion and Circular Dichroism

Linearly and circularly polarized lights; optical rotatory power and circular birefringence, elipticity and circular dichroism; ORD and Cotton effect, Faraday and Kerr effects; Assignment of electronic transitions; applications of ORD and CD for the determination of (i) absolute configuration of complexes and (ii) isomerism due to non-planarity of chelate rings.

# **Books Suggested:**

7. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry, F.A. Cotton and Wilkinson, John Wiley.

8. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E. Huhey, Harpes & Row.

9. Chemistry of the Elements. N.N. Greenwood and A. Earnshow, Pergamon.

10. Inorganic Electronic Spectroscopy, A.B.P. Lever, Elsevier.

11. Magnetiochemistry, R.1. Carlin, Springer Verlag.

12. Comprehensive Coordiantion Chemistry eds., G. Wilkinson, R.D. Gillars and J.A. Mc Cleverty, Pergamon.

### **Books Suggested**

11. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, revised, J. Bassett, R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS.

12. Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly. Prentice

Hall.

13. Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, D.P. Pasto, C. Johnson and M. Miller, Prentice Hall.

14. Macroscale and Microscale Organic Experiments, K.L. Williamson, D.C. Health.

15. Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis, H. Middleton, Adward Arnold.

16. Handbook of Organic Analysis-qualitative and Quantitative. H. Clark, Adward Arnold.

17. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.

18. Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman.

19. Findley's Practical Physical chemistry, B.P. Levitt, Longman.

20. Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata McGraw Hill.

# Paper-VII MCH-407: ORGANIC CHEMISTRY II

MM - 35

#### Unit-I

Aromatic Electrophilic Substitution

The arenium ion mechanism, orientation and reactivity, energy profile diagrams. The ortho/para ratio, ipso attack, orientation in other ring systems. Quantitative treatment of reactivity in substrates and electrophiles. Diazonium coupling, Vilsmeir reaction, Gatterman-Koch reaction

Aromatic Nucleophilci Substitution

The SNAr SN1, benzyne and SN1 mechanism, Reactivity effect of substrate structure, leaving group and attacking nucleophile. The Von Richte. Sommelet-Hauser, and Smiles rearrangements.

### Unit-II

Free Radical Reactions types of free radical reactions, free radical substitution mechanism, mechanism at an aromatic substrate, neighbouring group assistance. Reactivity for aliphatic and aromatic substrates at a bridgehead. Reactivity in the attacking radicals. The effect of solvents on reactivity. Allylic halogenation (NBS), oxidation of aldehydes to carboyxlic acids, autooxidation, coupling of alkynes and arylation of aromatic compounds by diazonium salts, Sandmeyer reaction. Free radical rearrangement. Hunsdiecker reaction.

### Unit III

Addition Reactions Mechanistic and stereochemical aspects of addition reactions involving electrophiles, nucleophiles and free radicals, regio-and chemoselectivity, orientation and reactivity. Addition to cyclopropane ring. Hydrogenation of double and triple bounds, hydrogenation of aromatic rings. Hydroboration, Michael reaction, sharpless asymmetric epoxidation.

### Unit-IV

Addition to Carbon-Hetero Multiple bonds

Mechanism of metal hydride reduction of saturated and unsaturated carbonyl compounds, acid esters and nitriles. Addition of Grignard reagents, organozinc and organolithium reagents to carbonyl and usaturated carbonyl compounds. Witting reaction. Mechanism of condensation reactions involving enolates-Aldol, Knoevenagel, Claisen, Mannich, Benzoin, Perkin and Stobbe reactions. Hydrolysis of esters and amides, ammonolysis of

The E2, E1 and E1 cB mechanisms and their spectrum. Orientation of the double bond. Elimination Reactions Reactitivty-effects of substrate structures, attacking base, the leavign group and the medium. Mechanism and orientation in pyrolytic elimination.

#### Unit-V

Pericyclic Reactions Molecular orbital symmetry, Frontier orbitals of ethylene, 1,3-butadiene, 1,3,5-hexatriene and allyl system. Classification of perlycyclic reactions. Woodward-Hoffmann correlatino diagrams. FMO and PMO approach. Electrocyclic reactions-conrotatory and disrotatory motions, 4n 4n+2 and allyl systems. Cycloadditions-antarafacial and suprafacial additions, 4n and 4n+2 systems, 2+2 addition of ketenes, 1,3 dipolar cycloadditions and cheleotrpic reactions. Sigmatropic rearrangements-suprafacial and antarafacial shifts of H, sigmatropic involving carbon moieties, 3,3- and 5,5 sigmatropic rearrangements. Claise n, Cope and aza-Cope rearrangements. Fluxional tautomerism. Ene reaction.

# **Book Suggested**

12. Advanced Organic Chemistry-Reactions, Mechanism and Structure, Jerry March, John Wiley.

13. Advanced Organic Chemistry, F.A. Carey and R.J. Sunderg, Plenum.

14. A Guide Book to Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, Peter Sykes, Longman.

15. Structure and Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, C.K. Ingold, Comell University

16. Organic Chemistry, R.T. Morrison and R.N. Boyd, Prentice-Hall.

17. Modern Organic Reactions, H.O. House, Benjamin.

18. Principles of Organic Synthesis, R.O.C. Norman and J.M. Coxon, Blackie Academic &\* Professionsl.

19. Reaction Mechanism in Organic Chemistry, S.M. Mukherji and S.P. Singh,

20. Pericyclic Reactions, S.M. Mukherji, Macmillan, India Macmillan.

21. Stereochemistry of Organic Compounds, D. Nasipuri, New Age International.

22. Stereochemisty of Organic Compounds, P.S. Kalsi, New Age International.

# Paper-VIII MCH-408: PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY II

MM - 35

### Unit-I

Chemical Dynamics Methods of determining rate laws, collision theory of reaction rates, steric factor, activated complex theory, Arrhenius equation and the activated complex theory; ionic reactions, kinetic salt effects, steady state kinetics, kinetic and thermodynamic control of reactions, treatment of unimolecular reactions. Dyamic chain (hydrogen-bromine reaction, pyrolysis of acetaldehyde, decomposition of ethane), photochemical (hydrogenbromine and hydrogen-chlorine reactions) and homogenous catalysis, kinetics of enzyme reactions, general features fo fast reactions, study of fast reactions by flow method, relaxation method, flash photolysis ad the nuclear magnetic resonance method, dynamics of unimolecular reactiosn (Lindemann Hinshelwood and Rice-Ramsperger-Kassel-Marcus (RRKM) theories for unimolecular reactions).

### Unit-II

Surface Chemistry

Surface tension, capillary action, pressure difference across curved surface (Laplace equation), vapour pressure of droplets (Kelvin equation), Gibbs adsorption isotherm, estimation of surface area (BET equation), Surface films on liquids (Electro-kinetic phenomenon).

Surface active agents, classification of surface active agents, micellization, hydrophobic interaction, critical micellar concentration (CMC), factors affecting the CMC of surfactants, counter ion binding to micelles, thermodynamics of micellization-phase separation and mass action models, solublization, micro emulsion, reverse micelles.

## Unit-III

Polymer-definition, types of polymers, electrically conducting, fire resistant, liquid crystal polymers, kinetics of polymerization, mechanism of polymerization. Molecular Macromolecules mass, number and mass average molecular mass, molecular mass determination (Osmometry, viscometry, diffusion and light scattering methods), sedimentation, chain configuration of macromolecules, calculation of average dimension of various chain structures.

# Unit-IV

Thermodynamic criteria for non-equilibrium states, entropy production and entropy flow,

entropy balance equations for different irreversible processes (e.g., heat flow, chemical reaction etc.) transformations of the generalized fluxes and forces, non equilibrium stationary states, phenomenological equations, microscopic reversibility and Onsager's reciprocity relations, electrokinetic phenomena, diffusion, electric conduction.

### Unit-V

## Electrochemistry

Electrochemistry of solutions. Debye-Huckel-Onsager treatment and its extension, ion solvent interactions. Debye-Huckel-Jerum mode. Thermodynamics of electrified interface equations. Derivation of electro capillarity, Lippmann equations (surface excess), methods of determination. Structure of electrified interfaces.

Overpotentials, exchange current density, derivation of Butler Volmer equation, Tafel plot. Quantum aspects of charge transfer at electrodes-solution interfaces, quantization of charge transfer, tunneling. Semiconductor interfaces-theory of double layer at semiconductor, electrolyte solution interfaces, structure of double layer interfaces. Effect of light at semiconductor solution interface. Polarography theory, Ilkovic equation; half wave potential and its significance.

### **Books Suggested**

- 11. Physical Chemistry, P.W. Atkins, ELBS.
- 12. Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata Mc Graw Hill.
- 13. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall.
- 14. Coulson's Valence, R.Mc Ween y, ELBS.
- 15. Chemical Kinetics. K.J. Laidler, McGraw-Hill.
- 16. Kineties and Mechanism of Chemical Transformation J.Rajaraman and J. Kuriacose, Mc Millan.
- 17. Micelles, Theoretical and Applied Aspects, V. MOraoi, Plenum.
- 18. Modern Electrochemistry Vol. 1 and Vol II J.O.M. Bockris and A.K.N. Reddy, Planum.
- 19. Introduction to Polymer Science, V.R. Gowarikar, N.V. Vishwanathan and J. Sridhar, Wiley Eastern.

# Paper-IX MCH-409: Spectroscopy II and Diffraction Methods

MM - 35

### Unit-I

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance Spectroscopy

Nuclear spin, nuclear resonance, saturation, shielding of magnetic nuclei, chemical shift and its measurements, factors, influencing chemical shift, deshielding, spin-spin interactions, factors influencing coupling constant "j" Classification (AXB, AMX, ABC, A2B2 etc.). spin decoupling; basic ideas about instrument, NMR studies of nuclei other than protin-13C, 19F and 31P, FT NMR, advantages of FT NMR.

### Unit II

Nuclear Quadrupole Resonance Spectroscopy

Quadrupole nuclei, quadrupole moments, electric field gradient, coupling constant, splitting. Applications.

### Unit-III

**Electron Spin Resonance Spectroscopy** 

Basic principles, zero field splitting and Kramer's degeneracy, factors affecting the 'g' value. Isotropic and anisotropic hyperfine coupling constants, spin Hamiltonian, spin densities and Mc Connell relationship, measurement techniques, applications.

### Unit-IV

X-ray Diffraction

Bragg condition, Miller indices, Laue Method, Bragg method, Debye Scherrer method of X-ray structural analysis of crystals, index reflections, identification of unit cells from systematic absences in diffraction pattern, Structure of simple lattices and X-ray intensities, structure factor and its relation to intensity and electron density, phase problem. Description of the procedure for an X-ray structure analysis, absolute configuration of molecules.

## Unit-V

Scattering intensity vs. scattering angle, Wierl equation, measurement technique, elucidation of structure of simple gas phase molecules. Low energy electron diffraction and structure of surfaces.

Neutron Diffraction Scattering of neutrons by solids measurement techniques, Elucidation of structure of magnetically ordered unit cells.

# Books suggested

11. Modern Spectroscopy, J.M. Hollas, John Viley.

## Paper-X Ch-410 : COMPUTERS FOR CHEMISTS

MM - 35

This is a theory cum-laboratory co use with more emphasis on laboratory work.

#### Unit-1

Introduction to computers and Computing

Basic structure and functioning of computer with a PC as illustrative example. Memory I/O devices. Secondary storage Computer languages. Operating systems with DOS as an example Introduction to UNIX and WINDOWS. Principles of programming Alogrithms and flow-charts.

### Unit-II

Computer Programming in FORTRAN/C/BASIC

(the language features are listed here with reference to FORTRAN. The instructor may choose another language such as BASIC or C the features may be replaced appropriately). Elements of the compute language. Constants and variables. Operations and symbols Expressions. Arithmetic assignment statement. Input and output Format statement. Termination statements. Branching statements as IF or GO TO statement. LOGICAL variables. Double precession variables. Subscripted variables and DIMENSION. DO statement FUNCTION AND SUBROUTINE. COMMON and DATA statement (Student learn the programming logic and these language feature by hands on experience on a personal computer from the beginning of this topic.)

#### Unit-III

Programming in Chemistry

Developing of small computer codes using any one of the languages FORTRAN/C/BASIC involving simple formulae in Chemistry, such as Van der Waals equation. Chemical kinetics (determination of Rate constant) Radioactive decay (Half Life and Average Life). Determination Normality, Molarity nd Molality of solutions. Evaluation Electronegativity of atom and Lattice Energy from experimental determination of molecular weight and percentage of element organic compounds using data from experimental metal representation of molecules in terms of elementary structural features such as bond lengths, bond angles.

#### Unit-IV

Use of Computer programmes

Operation of PC. Data Processing. Running of standard Programs and Packages such as MS WORD, MS EXCEL -special emphasis on calculations and chart formations. X-Y plot. Simpson's Numerical Integration method. Programmes with data preferably from physical chemistry laboratory.

## Unit V

### Internet

Application of Internet for Chemistry with search engines, various types of files like PDF, JPG, RTF and Bitmap. Scanning, OMR, Web camera.

## **Book Suggested:**

Fundamentals of Computer: V. Rajaraman (Prentice Hall) Computers in Chemistry: K.V. Raman (Tata Mc Graw Hill)

Computer Programming in FORTRAN IV-V Rajaraman (Prentice Hall)

# BARKATULLAH UNIVERSITY, BHOPAL

### BESSION- 2013-14

Class M.Sc.

Subject . Chemistry

Course Code

Paper name - Practical

Semester . II

Max. Marks: 100

(Duration: 6-8 hrs in each branch)

Practical examination shall be conducted separately for each branch.

## Inorganic Chemistry

1.	Quantitative analysis	80
2.	Chromatography	80
3.	Preparation	80
	Record	04
	Viva Voce	05
		Total 33

## 1. Quantitative Analysis

Separation and determination of two metal ions Cu-Ni, Ni-Zn, Cu-Fe etc. involving volumetric and gravimetric methods.

2. Chromatography separation of cations and anions by column chromatography, ion-exchange.

## 3. Preparations

Preparation of selected inorganic compounds and their studies by I.R. electronic spectra, Mossbauer, E.S.R. and magnetic susceptibility measurements. Handling of air and moisture sensitive compounds.

- 1.  $[Co(NH_3)_6][Co(NO_2)_6]$
- 2. cis-[Co(trien) (NO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]Cl.H<sub>2</sub>O
- 3. Hg[Co(SCN)<sub>4</sub>]
- 4.  $[Co(Py)_2Cl_2]$
- 5. [Ni(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>6</sub>]Cl<sub>2</sub>
- 6. Ni(dmg)2
- 7. [Cu(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>]SO<sub>4</sub>H<sub>2</sub>O

### Organic Chemistry

Organic Synthesis	 		
			12
Quantitative Analysis			12
Record			04
Viva Voce			04
v.oce		-	.05
		Total	33

Organic Synthesis

Synthesis of p-nitroaniline and p-bromoaniline. The Products may be Characterized by Spectral Techniques.

# Synthesis involving following reactions:-

- 1. Aromatic Electrophilic substitution
- 2. Condensation reactions
- 3. Rearrangement reactions.
- 4. Diazotization reactions

# Quantitative Analysis

Determination of the percentage or number of hydroxyl groups in an organic compound by acetylation method. Estimation of amines/phenols using bromate bromide solution/or acetylation method. Determination of iodine and saponification values of an oil sample. Determination of DO, COD and BOD of water sample.

# Physical Chemistry

Physic	car Chemistry		
1.	Chemical Kinetics		80
2.	Potentiometry/pH metry		09
3.	Polarimetry		<b>0</b> ′8
Record			04
			05
Viva Voce		Total	34
		Lotai	34

# Chemical Kinetics

- Determination of the effect of (a) Change of temperature (b) Charge of concentration of reactant and catalyst and (c) Ionic strength of the media on the velocity constant of 1. hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reaction.
- Determination of the velocity constant of hydrolysis of an ester/ionic reaction in ii.
- Determination of the velocity constant for the oxidation of iodide ions by hydrogen peroxide study the kinetics as an iodine clock reactions. · iii.
- "Flowing clock reactions (Ref: Experiments in Physical Chemistry by Showmaker) iv.
  - Determination of the primary salt effect on the kinetics of ionic reaction and testing of the Bronsted relationship (iodide ion is oxidised by persulphate ion). V.
- Oscillatory reaction. vi.

# Potentiometry/pl1 metry

- 1. Determination of strengths of halides in a mixture potentiometrically.
  - 2. Determination of the valency of mercurous ions potentiometrically.
  - •3. Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture using a potentiometer/pH meter.

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- 4. Determination of temperature dependence of EMF of a cell.
- 5. Determination of the formation constant of silver-ammonia complex and stoichiometry of the complex potentiometrically.
- 6. Acid-base titration in a non-aqueous media using a pH meter.
  - 7. Determination of activity and activity coefficient of electrolytes.
  - 8. Determination of the dissociation constant of acetic acid in DMSO. DMF, acetone and dioxane by titrating it with KOH.
  - 9. Determination of the dissociation constant of monobasic/dibasic acid by Albert-Sderjeant method.
  - 10. Determination of thermodynamic constants, DG, DS, and DH for the reaction by e.m.f. method. Zn + H2SO4 -> ZnSO4 + 2 H

# 3. Polarimetry

- 1. Determination of rate constant for hydrolysis/inversion of sugar using a polarimeter.
  - 2. Enzyme kinetics-inversion of sucrose.

# **Books Suggested**

- 1. Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, revised, J. Bassett, R.C. Denney, G.H. Jeffery and J. Mendham, ELBS.
- 2. Synthesis and Characterization of Inorganic Compounds, W.L. Jolly. Prentice Hall.
- 3. Experiments and Techniques in Organic Chemistry, D.P. Pasto, C. Johnson and M. Miller, Prentice Hall.
- 4. Macroscale and Microscale Organic Experiments, K.L. Williamson, D.C. Health.
- 5. Systematic Qualitative Organic Analysis, H. Middleton, Adward Arnold.
- 6. Handbook of Organic Analysis-qualitative and Quantitative. H. Clark, Adward Arnold.
- 7. Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, A.R. Tatchell, John Wiley.
- 8. Practical Physical Chemistry, A.M. James and F.E. Prichard, Longman.
- 9. Findley's Practical Physical chemistry, B.P. Levitt, Longman.
- 10. Experimental Physical Chemistry, R.C. Das and B. Behera, Tata McGraw Hill.

Physical Chemistry	
Conductometry	8
Potentiometry/pH metry	9
Polarimetry	8
Record	4
Viva Voce	5

### Conductometry

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Determination of the velocity constant, order of the reaction and energy of activation for saponification of ethyl acetate by sodium hydroxide conductometrically.

Determination of solubility and solubility product of sparingly soluble saits (e.g. ii.

PbSO<sub>4</sub>, BaSO<sub>4</sub>) conductometrically.

Determination of the strength of strong and weak acid in a given mixture iii.

conductometrically.

to study of the effect of solvent on the conductance of AgNO3/acetic acid and to iv. determine the degree of dissociation and equilibirum constant in different solvents and in their mixtures (DMSO, DMF, dioxane, acetone, water) and to test the validity of Debye-Huckel-Onsager theory.

Determination of the activity coefficient of zinc ions in the solution of 0.002 M

zinc sulphate using Debye Huckel's limiting law.

# Potentiometry/pH metry

1. Determination of strengths of halides in a mixture potentiometrically.

2. Determination of the valency of mercurous ions potentiometrically.

3. Determination of the strength of strong and weak acids in a given mixture using a potentiometer/pH meter.

4. Determination of temperature dependence of EMF of a cell.

5. Determination of the formation constant of silver-ammonia complex and stoichiometry of the complex potentiometrically.

6. Acid-base titration in a non-aqueous media using a pH meter.

7. Determination of activity and activity coefficient of electrolytes.

8. Determination of the dissociation constant of acetic acid in DMSO. DMF, acetone and dioxane by titrating it with KOH.

9. Determination of the dissociation constant of monobasic/dibasic acid by Albert-

10. Determination of thermodynamic constants, DG, DS, and DH for the reaction by e.m.f. method. Zn + H2SO4 -> ZnSO4 + 2 H

# Polarimetry

- 1. Determination of rate constant for hydrolysis/inversion of sugar using a
- 2. Enzyme kinetics-inversion of sucrose.